IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A quantitative competition method in which [[the]] \underline{a} minimum \underline{value} [[one]] V_{MIN} of all $\underline{users^2}$ intended values V_{vi} selected from among M monotone increasing values V_w , where w=1,2,...,M, in [[the]] \underline{a} range of predetermined lower-limit and upper-limit values V_1 and V_M , respectively, and only a user j having selected said minimum value \underline{V}_{MIN} \underline{W}_{MIN} as [[his]] \underline{an} intended value \underline{V}_{vi} are specified by a plurality of user apparatuses i, where i=1,...,N, said N being an integer equal to or larger than 2, first and second quantitative competition apparatuses, and a bulletin board apparatus that makes public information received from said plurality of user apparatuses and said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses, said method comprising:

Step (a) of generating two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i , i=1,2,...,N, wherein by each of said user apparatuses i[[::]] responds in response to said intended value V_{vi} input by a user from one of said all users to generate two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i , such that whose corresponding elements $\underline{s_{i,m}}$ and $\underline{t_{i,m}}$ of the sequences of information $\underline{s_i}$ and $\underline{t_i}$ equal each other at values in a [[the]] range from said lower-limit value V_1 inclusive or larger to said intended value V_{vi} exclusive or smaller and differ from each other at values in [[the]] a range from said intended value V_{vi} inclusive or larger to said upper-limit value V_M inclusive or smaller; and secretly sending sends information about said two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i to said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses, respectively, said M representing [[the]] a number of values selectable as said intended values in [[the]] a range from said lower-limit value V_1 inclusive or larger to said upper-limit value V_M inclusive or smaller;

Step (b) of extracting elements $s_{i,w}$ of said M-element sequences by wherein said first quantitative competition apparatus[[:]] extracts, [[for]] corresponding to a given value V_w equal to or larger than said lower-limit value V_1 and equal to or smaller than said upper-limit value, those said elements $s_{i,w}$ of said M-element sequences of information s_i sent from said all user apparatuses which correspond to w; and generates generating an element

concatenation $Seq_{s,w}=s_{1,w}\|s_{2,w}\|...\|s_{N,w}$ in which said extracted elements $s_{i,w}$ are arranged in a predetermined order, said $\|$ representing the concatenation of data;

Step (c) of extracting elements $t_{i,w}$ of said M-element sequences by wherein said second quantitative competition apparatus[[:]] extracts, [[for]] corresponding to said given value V_w , those said elements $t_{i,w}$ of said M-element sequences of information t_i sent from said all user apparatuses which correspond to said value w; and generates generating an element concatenation $Seq_{t,w}=t_{1,w}||t_{2,w}||...||t_{N,w}$ in which said extracted elements $t_{i,w}$ are arranged in a predetermined order;

Step (d) of comparing said element concatenations Seq_{s,w} and Seq_{t,w} without revealing their values by wherein said bulletin board apparatus, [[:]] compares said element concatenations Seq_{s,w} and Seq_{t,w} without revealing their values; decides deciding [[the]] presence or absence of a user having selected [[his]] an intended value equal to or smaller than said value V_w, depending on whether said concatenations Seq_{s,w} and Seq_{t,w} differ or equal; and determining determines [[the]] a minimum intended value V_{MIN} by changing said value w based on said deciding presence or absence decision and makes making [[the]] a value MIN public; and

Step (e) of sending element concatenations $Seq_{s,MIN}$ and $Seq_{t,MIN}$ from wherein said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses send element concatenations $Seq_{s,MIN}$ and $Seq_{t,MIN}$, respectively, to said bulletin board apparatus to make said element concatenations $Seq_{s,MIN}$ and $Seq_{t,MIN}$ them public, whereby allowing each user to identify user j who committed the minimum intended value V_{MIN} by finding j which satisfies $s_{j,MIN} \neq t_{j,MIN}$ of the corresponding elements in said element concatenations $Seq_{s,MIN}$ and $Seq_{t,MIN}$.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 1, wherein:

said Step (a) includes[[:]] a step wherein said user apparatus of said each user i generates generating random numbers R1_i and R2_i and secretly sending send a pair of information (R1_i, s_i) from said user apparatus of said each user i to said first quantitative competition apparatus and a pair of information (R2_i, t_i) from said user apparatus of said each

user i to said second quantitative competition apparatus; and calculating a step wherein said user apparatus calculates hash values $H1_i=h(R1_i||s_i)$ and $H2_i=h(R2_i||t_i)$ of concatenations $R1_i||s_i|$ and $R2_i||t_i|$ of said pairs of information $(R1_i,s_i)$ and $(R2_i,t_i)$ by a hash function h by said user apparatus, and sends sending said hash values $H1_i|$ and $H2_i|$ to said bulletin board apparatus; and

said Step (d) includes $\underline{\text{making public}}$ a step wherein said bulletin board apparatus $\underline{\text{makes publie}}$ said hash values $H1_i$ and $H2_i$, where i=1,2,...,N, as commitments of said all users $\underline{\text{by said bulletin board apparatus}}$.

3 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 2, wherein:

said Step (b) includes <u>calculating</u> a step wherein said first quantitative competition apparatus: calculates a hash value $HS_w=h(Seq_{s,w})$ of said element concatenation $Seq_{s,w}$ by said hash function h <u>by said first quantitative competition apparatus</u>; and <u>sends sending</u> said hash value HS_w to said bulletin board apparatus;

said Step (c) includes <u>calculating</u> a step wherein said second quantitative competition apparatus: calculates a hash value $HT_w=h(Seq_{t,w})$ of said element concatenation $Seq_{t,w}$ by said hash function h <u>by said second quantitative competition apparatus</u>; and <u>sends sending</u> said hash value HT_w to said bulletin board apparatus; and

said Step (d) includes <u>making</u> a step wherein said bulletin board apparatus: makes public and <u>comparing</u> eompares said hash values HS_w and HT_w received from said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses <u>by said bulletin board apparatus</u>; decides deciding [[the]] presence or absence of a user having selected [[his]] <u>an</u> intended value equal to or smaller than said value V_w, depending on whether said hash values HS_w and HT_w differ or equal; and determines determining said minimum intended value V_{MIN} by changing said value w based on said <u>deciding said presence or absence</u> decision.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 2, wherein:

said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses have stored therein a prime P made public previously by said bulletin board apparatus, said prime P being a prime such that P-1 has a large prime as its divisor, and said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses having selected a common integral value w;

said Step (b) includes a step wherein said first quantitative competition apparatus: ealculates calculating a hash value $HS_w=h'(Seq_{s,w})$ of said element concatenation $Seq_{s,w}$ by a hash function h' that maps an arbitrary integer over a finite field uniquely and randomly by said first quantitative competition apparatus; generates generating a random number RA_w ; ealculates calculating a hash value $HA_w=h(RA_w||HS_w)$ of a concatenation $RA_w||HS_w$ by said hash function h; ealculates calculating $HS_w^{RAw}(mod P)$; and sends sending a pair $(HA_w, HS_w^{RAw}(mod P))$ of said hash value HA_w and said value $HS_w^{RAw}(mod P)$ to said bulletin board apparatus;

said Step (c) includes a step wherein said second quantitative competition apparatus: ealculates calculating a hash value $HT_w=h'(Seq_{t,w})$ of said element concatenation $Seq_{t,w}$ by a hash function h' by said second quantitative competition apparatus; generates generating a random number RB_w ; ealculates calculating a hash value $HB_w=h(RB_w||HT_w)$ of a concatenation $RB_w||HT_w$ by said hash function h; ealculates calculating HT_w^{RBw} (mod P); and sends sending a pair $(HB_w, HT_w^{RBw}$ (mod P)) of said hash value HB_w and said value HT_w^{RBw} (mod P) to said bulletin board apparatus; and

said Step (d) includes: a step-wherein said first quantitative competition apparatus reads reading said HT_w^{RBw}(mod P) from said bulletin board apparatus by said first quantitative competition apparatus, and ealculates calculating and sends sending (HT_w^{RBw})^{RAw}(mod P) to said bulletin board apparatus; a step wherein said second quantitative competition apparatus reads reading said HS_w^{RAw}(mod P) from said bulletin board apparatus by said second quantitative apparatus, and ealculates calculating and sends sending (HS_w^{RAw})^{RBw}(mod P) to said bulletin board apparatus; and a step wherein said bulletin board apparatus: makes making public and compares comparing said (HS_w^{RAw})^{RBw}(mod P) and (HT_w^{RBw})^{RAw}(mod P) received from said first and second quantitative competition

apparatuses; decides deciding [[the]] presence or absence of a user having selected [[his]] an intended value equal to or smaller than said value V_w , depending on whether said $(HS_w^{RAw})^{RBw} \pmod{P}$ and $(HT_w^{RBw})^{RAw} \pmod{P}$ differ or equal; and determines determining said minimum intended value V_{MIN} by changing said value w based on said deciding presence or absence decision.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 3 or 4, wherein: letting w_{min} and w_{max} represent variables, said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses have said value w in common as [[the]] a maximum integer equal to or smaller than $(w_{min}+w_{max})/2=(1+M)/2$ where $w_{min}=1$ and $w_{max}=M$; and

said Step (d) includes a step wherein: substituting w is substituted for with said variable w_{max} or substituting w+1 is substituted for with said variable w_{min} , depending on [[the]] presence or absence of a user having selected [[his]] an intended value equal to or smaller than said value V_w ; said Steps (b) and (c) are repeated until $w_{max}=w_{min}=MIN$, thereby obtaining to obtain said minimum intended value V_{MIN} corresponding to said value MIN; and upon each repetition of said Steps (b) and (c), said bulletin board apparatus makes public the results of calculation.

Claim 6 (Original): The method of claim 4, wherein each element of said M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i is a one-bit element.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 4 or 6, wherein said step (e) includes sending further comprising a step wherein said first and second quantitative competition apparatus send said bulletin board apparatus random numbers RA_{MIN} and RB_{MIN} from said first and second quantitative competition apparatus to said bulletin board apparatus making said random numbers RA_{MIN} and RB_{MIN} and make them public.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): The method of any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein: L quantitative competition apparatuses are provided, said L being equal to or larger than 3;

said Step (a) includes generating L sequences of information s_{ik} where k=1,2,...,L, by said each user apparatus, a step wherein when supplied with said value V_{vi} , said each user apparatus generates L sequences of information s_{ik} , where k=1,2,...,L, said L sequences of information s_{ik} being such that they are equal in all pieces of information corresponding to values equal to or greater than V_1 and equal to or smaller than V_{vi} but different in all pieces of information corresponding to values equal to or larger than V_{vi} and equal to or smaller than V_M and such that said value V_{vi} can be detected when at least two sequences s_{ia} and s_{ib} of said L sequences of information s_{ik} are known, where $a \neq b$; and secretly sending said each user apparatus sends said L sequences of information s_{ik} to a k-th quantitative competition apparatus; and

wherein two of said L quantitative competition apparatuses conduct quantitative competition, and when one of said two quantitative competition apparatuses goes down, another normal one of the <u>a</u> remaining <u>operable</u> quantitative competition apparatuses is used to continue said quantitative competition.

Claim 9 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 1, wherein said Step (a) includes a step wherein: said each user apparatus secretly sending sends seed values s'_i and t'_i , by said each user apparatus, as information corresponding to said two sequences of information s_i and t_i to said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses, respectively; wherein letting vi represent the element number corresponding to said intended value V_{vi} , said seed values s'_i and t'_i are determined by a one-way function F so that $F^d(s'_i) = F^d(t'_i)$, where d = 0, 1, ..., M - vi, and $F^e(s'_i) = F^e(t'_i)$, where e = M - vi + 1, ..., M - 1; and said two sequences of information s_i and t_i are given by the following equations

$$\begin{split} &s_{i} \! = \! \{s_{i,l} \! = \! F^{M-1}(s'_{i}), \, s_{i,2} \! = \! F^{M-2}(s'_{i}), \, \ldots, \, s_{i,vi-1} \! = \! F^{M-vi+1}(s'_{i}), \, s_{i,vi} \! = \! F^{M-vi}(s'_{i}), \, \ldots, \\ &s_{i,M-1} \! = \! F(s'_{i}), \, s_{i,M} \! = \! s'_{i}\} \, \text{ and} \\ &t_{i} \! = \! \{t_{i,l} \! = \! F^{M-1}(t'_{i}), \, t_{i,2} \! = \! F^{M-2}(t'_{i}), \, \ldots, \, t_{i,vi-1} \! = \! F^{M-vi+1}(t'_{i}), \, t_{i,vi} \! = \! F^{M-vi}(t'_{i}), \, \ldots, \end{split}$$

Application No. 10/050,541 Reply to Office Action of August 12, 2004

$$t_{i,M-1}=F(t'_i), t_{i,M}=s'_i$$
.

Claim 10 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 1, wherein said Step (a) includes:

a step wherein said each user apparatus generates generating initial random numbers $R1_i$, $R2_i$, ca_i , cb_i , $s_{i,M+1}$ and $t_{i,M+1}$ by said each user apparatus; and

a step wherein said each user apparatus: sets setting an initial value of m at M, and $\frac{1}{2}$ performs, with respect to the element number vi corresponding to said intended value V_{vi} , the following calculations by said each user apparatus

$$\begin{split} &s_{i,m}\!\!=\!\!h(s_{i,m+1}\|h^{M+1-m}\!(ca_i)\|h^{M+1-m}\!(cb_i)) \text{ and} \\ &t_{i,m}\!\!=\!\!h(t_{i,m+1}\|h^{M+1-m}\!(ca_i)\|h^{M+1-m}\!(cb_i)) \end{split}$$

sequentially for m=M, M-1, ..., vi to provide subsequences $s_{i,m}\neq t_{i,m}$; calculating a sequence element for m=vi-1

$$s_{i,m}\!\!=\!\!t_{i,m}\!\!=\!\!h(s_{i,m\!-\!1}||t_{i,m\!-\!1}||h^{M\!+\!1-m}\!(ca_i)||h^{M\!+\!1-m}\!(cb_i))$$

and a sequence element for m=vi-2, vi-3, ..., 0

$$s_{i,m}\!\!=\!\!t_{i,m}\!\!=\!\!h(s_{i,m\!-1}||h^{M\!+1-m}\!(ca_i)||h^{M\!+1-m}\!(cb_i))$$

to provide subsequences $s_{i,m}=t_{i,m}$; and obtains obtaining sequences of said elements $s_{i,m}$ and $t_{i,m}$ as said sequences of information s_i and t_i , and a value $s_{i,0}$ for m=0; and

wherein said Step (a) further includes: a step wherein said each user apparatus encrypting R1_i and $s_i = \{s_{i,1}, s_{i,2}, ..., s_{i,M}\}$ by an encryption function E_A by said each user apparatus, sends sending a [[the]] resulting $E_A(s_i || R1_i)$ to said first quantitative competition apparatus, encrypts encrypting R2_i and $t_i = \{t_{i,1}, t_{i,2}, ..., t_{i,M}\}$ by an encryption function E_B , and sends sending a [[the]] resulting $E_B(t_i || R2_i)$ to said second quantitative competition apparatus; and a step wherein said each user apparatus sends sending $H1_i = h(s_i || R1_i)$, $H2_i = h(t_i || R2_i)$, $s_{i,0}$, $h^{M+1}(ca_i)$ and $h^{M+1}(cb_i)$ from said each user apparatus to said bulletin board to make them said $H1_i = h(s_i || R1_i)$, $H2_i = h(t_i || R2_i)$, $s_{i,0}$, $h^{M+1}(ca_i)$ and $h^{M+1}(cb_i)$ public.

Claim 11 (Currently Amended): A quantitative competition method in which \underline{a} [[the]] maximum \underline{value} [[one]] V_{MAX} of all $\underline{users^2}$ intended values V_{vi} selected from among M monotone increasing values V_w , where w=1,2,...,M, in [[the]] \underline{a} range of predetermined lower-limit and upper-limit values V_1 and V_M , respectively, and only a user \underline{j} having selected said maximum value \underline{V}_{MAX} \underline{W}_{MAX} as [[his]] \underline{an} intended value \underline{V}_{vi} are specified by a plurality of user apparatuses \underline{i} , where $\underline{i}=1,...,N$, said N being an integer equal to or larger than 2, first and second quantitative competition apparatuses, and a bulletin board apparatus that makes public information received from said plurality of user apparatuses and said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses, said method comprising:

Step (a) of generating two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i , i=1, 2, ..., N, wherein by each of said user apparatuses i[[::]] responds in response to said intended value V_{vi} input by a user from one of said all users to generate two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i , such that whose corresponding elements $\underline{s_{i,m}}$ and $\underline{t_{i,m}}$ of the sequences of information $\underline{s_i}$ and $\underline{t_i}$ equal each other at values in a [[the]] range from said lower-limit value V_1 inclusive or larger to said intended value V_{vi} inclusive or smaller and differ from each other at values in [[the]] a range from said intended value V_{vi} exclusive or larger to said upper-limit value V_M inclusive or smaller; and secretly sending sends information about said two M-element sequences of information $\underline{s_i}$ and $\underline{t_i}$ to said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses, respectively, said M representing [[the]] a number of values selectable as said intended values in [[the]] a range from said lower-limit value V_1 inclusive or larger to said upper-limit value V_M inclusive or smaller;

Step (b) of extracting elements $s_{i,w}$ of said M-element sequences by wherein said first quantitative competition apparatus[[:]] extracts, [[for]] corresponding to a given value V_w equal to or larger than said lower-limit value V_1 and equal to or smaller than said upper-limit value, those said elements $s_{i,w}$ of said M-element sequences of information s_i sent from said all user apparatuses which correspond to w; and generates generating an element concatenation $Seq_{s,w}=s_{1,w}||s_{2,w}||\dots||s_{N,w}|$ in which said extracted elements $s_{i,w}$ are arranged in a predetermined order, said || representing the concatenation of data;

Step (c) of extracting elements $t_{i,w}$ of said M-element sequences by wherein said second quantitative competition apparatus[[:]] extracts, [[for]] corresponding to said given value V_w , those said elements $t_{i,w}$ of said M-element sequences of information t_i sent from said all user apparatuses which correspond to said value w; and generates generating an element concatenation $Seq_{t,w}=t_{1,w}||t_{2,w}||...||t_{N,w}$ in which said extracted elements $t_{i,w}$ are arranged in a predetermined order;

Step (d) of comparing said element concatenations Seq_{s,w} and Seq_{t,w} without revealing their values by wherein said bulletin board apparatus_a[[:]] compares said element concatenations Seq_{s,w} and Seq_{t,w} without revealing their values; decides deciding [[the]] presence or absence of a user having selected [[his]] an intended value equal to or larger than said value V_w, depending on whether said concatenations Seq_{s,w} and Seq_{t,w} differ or equal; and determining a determines the maximum intended value V_{MAX} by changing said value w based on said deciding presence or absence decision and makes a [[the]] value MAX public; and

Step (e) of sending element concatenations $Seq_{s,MIN}$ and $Seq_{t,MIN}$ from wherein said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses send element concatenations $Seq_{s,MAX}$ and $Seq_{t,MAX}$, respectively, to said bulletin board apparatus to make said element concatenations $Seq_{s,MIN}$ and $Seq_{t,MIN}$ them public, whereby allowing each user to identify user j who committed the maximum intended value V_{MAX} by finding j which satisfies $s_{j,MAX} \neq t_{j,MAX}$ of the corresponding elements in said element concatenations $Seq_{s,MAX}$ and $Seq_{t,MAX}$.

Claim 12 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 11, wherein:

said Step (a) includes[[:]] a step wherein said user apparatus of said each user i generates generating random numbers $R1_i$ and $R2_i$ and secretly sending send a pair of information ($R1_i$, s_i) from said user apparatus of said each user i to said first quantitative competition apparatus, and a pair of information ($R2_i$, t_i) from said user apparatus of said each user i to said second quantitative competition apparatus; and calculating a step wherein said user apparatus calculates hash values $H1_i$ =h($R1_i$ || s_i) and $H2_i$ =h($R2_i$ || t_i) of concatenations

 $R1_i||s_i|$ and $R2_i||t_i|$ of said pairs of information ($R1_i$, s_i) and ($R2_i$, t_i) by a hash function h by said user apparatus, and sends sending said hash values $H1_i$ and $H2_i$ to said bulletin board apparatus; and

said Step (d) includes $\underline{\text{making public}}$ a step wherein said bulletin board apparatus $\underline{\text{makes public}}$ said hash values $H1_i$ and $H2_i$, where i=1,2,...,N, as commitments of said all users $\underline{\text{by said bulletin board apparatus}}$.

Claim 13 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 12, wherein:

said Step (b) includes <u>calculating</u> a step wherein said first quantitative competition apparatus: calculates a hash value $HS_w=h(Seq_{s,w})$ of said element concatenation $Seq_{s,w}$ by said hash function h <u>by said first quantitative competition apparatus</u>; and <u>sends</u> said hash value HS_w to said bulletin board apparatus;

said Step (c) includes <u>calculating</u> a step wherein said second quantitative competition apparatus: calculates a hash value HT_w=h(Seq_{t,w}) of said element concatenation Seq_{t,w} by said hash function h <u>by said second quantitative competition apparatus</u>; and <u>sends sending</u> said hash value HT_w to said bulletin board apparatus; and

said Step (d) includes <u>making a step wherein said bulletin board apparatus: makes</u> public and <u>comparing eompares</u> said hash values HS_w and HT_w received from said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses <u>by said bulletin board apparatus; decides</u> <u>deciding [[the]] presence or absence of a user having selected [[his]] an intended value equal to or larger than said value V_w, depending on whether said hash values HS_w and HT_w differ or equal; and <u>determines determining</u> said maximum intended value V_{MAX} by changing said value w based on said <u>deciding presence or absence</u> <u>decision</u>.</u>

Claim 14 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 12, wherein:

said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses have stored therein a prime P made public previously by said bulletin board apparatus, said prime P being a prime such

that P-1 has a large prime as its divisor, and said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses having selected a common integral value w;

said Step (b) includes a step wherein said first quantitative competition apparatus: ealeulates calculating a hash value $HS_w=h'(Seq_{s,w})$ of said element concatenation $Seq_{s,w}$ by a hash function h' that maps an arbitrary integer over a finite field uniquely and randomly by said first quantitative competition apparatus; generates generating a random number RA_w ; ealeulates calculating a hash value $HA_w=h(RA_w||HS_w)$ of a concatenation $RA_w||HS_w$ by said hash function h; ealeulates calculating $HS_w^{RAw}(mod P)$; and sends sending a pair $(HA_w, HS_w^{RAw}(mod P))$ of said hash value HA_w and said value $HS_w^{RAw}(mod P)$ to said bulletin board apparatus;

said Step (c) includes a step wherein said second quantitative competition apparatus: ealculates calculating a hash value HT_w=h'(Seq_{t,w}) of said element concatenation Seq_{t,w} by a hash function h' by said second quantitative competition apparatus; generates generating a random number RB_w; ealculates calculating a hash value HB_w=h(RB_w||HT_w) of a concatenation RB_w||HT_w by said hash function h; ealculates calculating HT_w^{RBw}(mod P); and sends sending a pair (HB_w, HT_w^{RBw}(mod P)) of said hash value HB_w and said value HT_w^{RBw}(mod P) to said bulletin board apparatus; and

said Step (d) includes: a step wherein said first quantitative competition apparatus reads reading said HTwRBw (mod P) from said bulletin board apparatus by said first quantitative competition apparatus, and ealeulates calculating and sending sends (HTwRBw)RAw (mod P) to said bulletin board apparatus; a step wherein said second quantitative competition apparatus reads reading said HSwRAw (mod P) from said bulletin board apparatus by said second quantitative competition apparatus, and ealeulates calculating and sends sending (HSwRAw)RBw (mod P) to said bulletin board apparatus; and a step wherein said bulletin board apparatus: makes making public and compares comparing said (HSwRAw)RBw (mod P) and (HTwRBw)RAw (mod P) received from said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses; decides the deciding presence or absence of a user having selected [[his]] an intended value equal to or larger than said value Vw, depending on

whether said $(HS_w^{RAw})^{RBw} \pmod{P}$ and $(HT_w^{RBw})^{RAw} \pmod{P}$ differ or equal; and <u>determining</u> determines said maximum intended value V_{MAX} by changing said value w based on said <u>deciding presence or absence decision</u>.

Claim 15 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 13 or 14, wherein: letting w_{min} and w_{max} represent variables of integers 1 to M, said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses have said value w in common as [[the]] \underline{a} maximum integer equal to or smaller than $(w_{min}+w_{max})/2=(1+M)/2$ where $w_{min}=1$ and $w_{max}=M$; and

said Step (d) includes <u>substituting</u> a <u>step wherein</u>: w <u>is substituted for with</u> said variable w_{max} or <u>substituting</u> w+1 <u>is substituted for with</u> said variable w_{min}, depending on [[the]] presence or absence of a user having selected [[his]] <u>an</u> intended value equal to or larger than said value V_w; said Steps (b) and (c) are repeated until w_{max}=w_{min}=MAX, thereby <u>obtaining to obtain</u> said minimum intended value V_{MAX} corresponding to said value MAX; and upon each repetition of said Steps (b) and (c), said bulletin board apparatus makes public the results of calculation.

Claim 16 (Original): The method of claim 14, wherein each element of said M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i is a one-bit element.

Claim 17 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 14 or 16, said step (e) includes sending further comprising a step wherein said first and second quantitative competition apparatus send said bulletin board apparatus random numbers RA_{MIN} and RB_{MIN} from said first and second quantitative competition apparatus to said bulletin board apparatus, respectively, making public said random numbers RA_{MIN} and RB_{MIN} to make them public.

Claim 18 (Currently Amended): The method of any one of claims 11 to 14, wherein: L quantitative competition apparatuses are provided, said L being equal to or larger than 3;

 $t_{i,M-1}=F(t'_i), t_{i,M}=s'_i$.

said Step (a) includes generating L sequences of information s_{ik} , where k=1,2,...,L, by said each user apparatus, a step wherein when supplied with said value V_{vi} , said each user apparatus generates L sequences of information s_{ik} , where k=1,2,...,L, said L sequences of information s_{ik} being such that they are equal in all pieces of information corresponding to values equal to or greater than V_1 and smaller than V_{vi} but different in all pieces of information corresponding to values equal to or larger than V_{vi} and equal to or smaller than V_M and such that said value V_{vi} can be detected when at least two sequences s_{ia} and s_{ib} of said L sequences of information s_{ik} are known, where $a\neq b$; and sending said each user apparatus sends said L sequences of information s_{ik} to a k-th quantitative competition apparatus; and

wherein two of said L quantitative competition apparatuses conduct quantitative competition, and when one of said two quantitative competition apparatuses goes down, another normal one of the <u>a</u> remaining <u>operable</u> quantitative competition apparatuses is used to continue said quantitative competition.

Claim 19 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 11, wherein said Step (a) includes a step wherein: said each user apparatus secretly sends sending seed values s'_i and t'_{i_1} by said each user apparatus, as information corresponding to said two sequences of information s_i and t_i to said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses, respectively; wherein letting vi represent the element number corresponding to said intended value V_{vi} , said seed values s'_i and t'_i are determined by a one-way function F so that $F^d(s'_i)=F^d(t'_i)$, where $d=0,1,\ldots,M-vi$, and $F^e(s'_i)=F^e(t'_i)$, where $d=0,1,\ldots,M-1$; and said two sequences of information s_i and t_i are given by the following equations $s_i=\{s_{i,1}=F^{M-1}(s'_i), s_{i,2}=F^{M-2}(s'_i), \ldots, s_{i,vi-1}=F^{M-vi+1}(s'_i), s_{i,vi}=F^{M-vi}(s'_i), \ldots, s_{i,M-1}=F(s'_i), s_{i,M}=s'_i\}$ and $t_i=\{t_{i,1}=F^{M-1}(t'_i), t_{i,2}=F^{M-2}(t'_i), \ldots, t_{i,vi-1}=F^{M-vi+1}(t'_i), t_{i,vi}=F^{M-vi}(t'_i), \ldots,$

Application No. 10/050,541 Reply to Office Action of August 12, 2004

Claim 20 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 11, wherein said Step (a) includes:

a step wherein said each user apparatus generates generating initial random numbers $R1_i$, $R2_i$, ca_i , cb_i , $s_{i,M+1}$ and $t_{i,M+1}$ by said each user apparatus; and

a step wherein said each user apparatus: sets setting an initial value of m at M, and performs performing, with respect to the element number vi corresponding to said intended value V_{vi} , the following calculations by said each user apparatus

$$\begin{split} &s_{i,m}\!\!=\!\!h(s_{i,m+1}||h^{M+1-m}(ca_i)||h^{M+1-m}(cb_i)) \text{ and} \\ &t_{i,m}\!\!=\!\!h(t_{i,m+1}||h^{M+1-m}(ca_i)||h^{M+1-m}(cb_i)) \end{split}$$

sequentially for m=M, M-1, ..., vi to provide subsequences $s_{i,m} \neq t_{i,m}$; calculates calculating a sequence element for m=vi-1

$$s_{i,m}\!\!=\!\!t_{i,m}\!\!=\!\!h(s_{i,m-1}||t_{i,m-1}||h^{M+1-m}(ca_i)||h^{M+1-m}(cb_i))$$

and a sequence element for m=vi-2, vi-3, ..., 0

$$s_{i,m}\!\!=\!\!t_{i,m}\!\!=\!\!h(s_{i,m\!-1}||h^{M+1-m}(ca_i)||h^{M+1-m}(cb_i))$$

to provide subsequences $s_{i,m}=t_{i,m}$; and obtains obtaining sequences of said elements $s_{i,m}$ and $t_{i,m}$ as said sequences of information s_i and t_i , and a value $s_{i,0}$ for m=0; and

wherein said Step (a) further includes: a step wherein said each user apparatus encrypting R1_i and $s_i = \{s_{i,1}, s_{i,2}, ..., s_{i,M}\}$ by an encryption function E_A by said each user apparatus, sends sending a [[the]] resulting $E_A(s_i||R1_i)$ to said first quantitative competition apparatus, encrypts encrypting R2_i and $t_i = \{t_{i,1}, t_{i,2}, ..., t_{i,M}\}$ by an encryption function E_B , and sends sending a [[the]] resulting $E_B(t_i||R2_i)$ to said second quantitative competition apparatus; and a step wherein said each user apparatus sends sending $H1_i = h(s_i||R1_i)$, $H2_i = h(t_i||R2_i)$, $s_{i,0}$, $h^{M+1}(ca_i)$ and $h^{M+1}(cb_i)$ from said each user apparatus to said bulletin board to make said $H1_i = h(s_i||R1_i)$, $H2_i = h(t_i||R2_i)$, $s_{i,0}$, $h^{M+1}(ca_i)$ and $h^{M+1}(cb_i)$ them public.

Claim 21 (Currently Amended): The method of claim 1 or 11, wherein said Step (a) includes a step wherein said each user apparatus: generates generating a random number r_i by

said each user apparatus; determines determing two pieces of random information a_i and b_i , where $r_i=a_i*b_i$, said symbol * being a predetermined common operator; sends sending said pieces of random information a_i and b_i to said first and second quantitative competition apparatuses, respectively; hashes hashing said pieces of random information a_i and b_i by a hash function b_i ; and sending sends hash values b_i hash b_i and b_i to said bulletin board apparatus; and said Step (e) includes a step wherein said first and second quantitative apparatuses send sending said pieces of random information b_i and b_i from said first and second quantitative apparatuses to said bulletin board apparatus making said pieces of random information b_i and b_i to make them public, and said each user apparatus verifies verifying, by said each user apparatus, [[said]] made-public hash values b_i and b_i and b_i werifying verifies whether b_i and b_i made-public random information b_i and further verifying verifies whether b_i has b_i and b_i and further verifying verifies whether b_i has b_i and b_i and further verifying verifies whether b_i has b_i and b_i and further verifying verifies

Claim 22 (Currently Amended): A method by which said each user apparatus in said quantitative competition method of claim 1 registers [[his]] an intended value V_{vi} selected from among M integral values defined by upper and lower limits V_M and V_1 for comparison, said M being an integer equal to or larger than 2, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) responding to [[the]] input of said intended value V_{vi} to generate two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i , wherein whose corresponding elements of said two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i equal each other at values in a [[the]] range from said value V_1 inclusive V_i or larger to said value V_{vi} exclusive or smaller and differ from each other at values in a [[the]] range from said value V_{vi} inclusive or larger to said value V_M inclusive or smaller;
- (b) responding to the input of said two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i to calculate one-way functions [[for]] of said sequences of information s_i and t_i and $\frac{\text{send}}{\text{sending}}$ calculation results $H1_i$ and $H2_i$ to a bulletin board apparatus; and

(c) sending said sequence of information s_i to a first quantitative competition apparatus, said sequence of information t_i to a second quantitative competition apparatus, and said $H1_i$ and $H2_i$ to said bulletin board apparatus.

Claim 23 (Currently Amended): A method by which said each user apparatus in said quantitative competition method of claim 11 registers [[his]] an intended value V_{vi} selected from among M integral values defined by upper and lower limits V_M and V_1 for comparison, said M being an integer equal to or larger than 2, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) responding to [[the]] input of said intended value V_{vi} to generate two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i , wherein whose corresponding elements of said two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i differ from each other at values in [[the]] a range from said value V_1 inclusive or larger to said value V_{vi} inclusive or smaller and equal each other at values in [[the]] a range from a value V_{vi+1} inclusive or larger to said value V_M inclusive or smaller;
- (b) responding to the input of said two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i to calculate one-way functions [[for]] of said sequences of information s_i and t_i and send sending calculation results $H1_i$ and $H2_i$ to a bulletin board apparatus; and
- (c) sending said sequence of information s_i to a first quantitative competition apparatus, said sequence of information t_i to a second quantitative competition apparatus, and said $H1_i$ and $H2_i$ to said bulletin board apparatus.

Claim 24 (Currently Amended): A user apparatus for use in said quantitative competition method of claim 1, comprising:

a storage part <u>configured to store</u> having stored therein M integral values defined by upper and lower limits V_M and V_1 for comparison;

 \underline{an} input \underline{part} configured to input \underline{means} for inputting an intended value V_{vi} equal to or larger than said value V_1 and equal to or smaller than said value V_M ;

a sequence-of-information generating part supplied with said values V_{vi} , V_1 and V_M , for generating and outputting configured to generate and output two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i , wherein whose corresponding elements of said two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i equal each other at values in [[the]] a range from said lower-limit value V_1 inclusive or larger to said intended value V_{vi} exclusive or smaller and differ from each other at values in [[the]] a range from said intended value V_{vi} inclusive or larger to said upper-limit value V_M inclusive or smaller, or two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i , wherein whose corresponding elements of said two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i differ from each other at values in [[the]] a range from said lower-limit value V_1 inclusive or larger to said intended value V_{vi} inclusive or smaller and equal each other at values in [[the]] a range from a value V_{vi+1} inclusive or larger to said upper-limit value V_M inclusive or smaller, said M being [[the]] a number of values selectable as said intended value V_{vi} equal to or larger than said value V_1 and equal to or smaller than said value V_M ;

a one-way function calculating part, supplied with said sequences of information s_i and t_i , for calculating configured to calculate one-way functions [[for]] of said sequences of information s_i and t_i and output for outputting calculation results $H1_i$ and $H2_i$; and

a transmitting part <u>configured to send</u> for <u>sending</u> said sequence of information s_i to a first quantitative competition apparatus, said sequence of information t_i to a second quantitative competition apparatus, and said $H1_i$ and $H2_i$ to a bulletin board apparatus.

Claim 25 (Currently Amended): A user apparatus for use in said quantitative competition method of claim 11, comprising:

a storage part <u>configured to store</u> having stored therein M integral values defined by upper and lower limits V_M and V_1 for comparison, said M being an integer equal to or larger than 2;

 \underline{an} input \underline{part} configured to input \underline{means} for inputting an intended value V_{vi} equal to or larger than said value V_1 and equal to or smaller than said value V_M ;

a sequence-of-information generating part, supplied with said values V_{vi} , V_1 and V_M , for generating and outputting configured to generate and output two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i , wherein whose corresponding elements of said two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i differ from each other at values in a the range from said lower-limit value V_1 inclusive or larger to said intended value V_{vi} inclusive or smaller and equal each other at values in [[the]] a range from a value V_{vi+1} inclusive or larger to said upper-limit value V_M inclusive or smaller;

a one-way function calculating part, supplied with said sequences of information s_i and t_i , configured to calculate for ealeulating one-way functions [[for]] of said sequences of information s_i and t_i and output for outputting calculation results $H1_i$ and $H2_i$; and

a transmitting part configured to send for sending said sequence of information s_i to a first quantitative competition apparatus, said sequence of information t_i to a second quantitative competition apparatus, and said $H1_i$ and $H2_i$ to a bulletin board apparatus.

Claim 26 (Currently Amended): A quantitative competition apparatus for use in a quantitative competition method of claim 1 or 11, comprising:

a receiving part configured to receive for receiving from each user apparatus a sequence of information consisting of elements of [[the]] \underline{a} same number M as that of values selectable as an intended value V_{vi} in [[the]] \underline{a} range [[of]] between lower-limit value V_{1} and upper-limit value values V_{1} and V_{M} , inclusively, and for receiving an integral value w from a bulletin board apparatus;

a storage part <u>configured to store</u> for storing said sequence of information received from said each user apparatus;

a one-way function calculating part, supplied with w-th elements of said sequences of information received from users, for calculating and outputting configured to calculate and output one-way functions [[for]] of concatenations of said w-th elements; and

a transmitting part <u>configured to send</u> for sending said calculated one-way functions to said bulletin board apparatus.

Claim 27 (Currently Amended): A competition method by a quantitative competition apparatus for use in said quantitative competition method of claim 1 or 11, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) receiving, from each user apparatus i, where $\underline{i}=1,2,...,N$, an M-element sequence of information $s_i=\{s_{i,1}\ s_{i,2}, ..., s_{i,M}\}$ as information representing an intended value V_{vi} selected from among M values in [[the]] \underline{a} range [[of]] between lower-limit $\underline{value}\ V_1$ and upper-limit value $\underline{value}\ V_1$ and V_M , inclusively;
 - (b) receiving an integral value w from a bulletin board apparatus;
- (c) inputting a w-th element $s_{i,w}$ of said sequence of information s_i received from said each user apparatus and calculating a one-way function [[for]] of a concatenation of such input w-th elements $s_{i,w}$; and
 - (d) sending said calculated one-way function to said bulletin board.

Claim 28 (Currently Amended): A quantitative competition apparatus for use in said quantitative competition method of claim 1 or 11, said apparatus comprising:

a receiving part configured to receive for receiving from each user apparatus a sequence of information consisting of elements of [[the]] \underline{a} same number M as that of values selectable as an intended value V_{vi} in [[the]] \underline{a} range [[of]] between lower-limit $\underline{value}\ V_1$ and upper-limit $\underline{value}\ V_1$ and $\underline{value}\ V_M$, inclusively, and for receiving an integral value w from a bulletin board apparatus;

a storage part <u>configured to store</u> for storing said sequence of information received from said each user apparatus;

a one-way function calculating part, supplied with w-th elements of said sequences of information received from users, for calculating and outputting configured to calculate and output one-way functions [[for]] of concatenations of said w-th elements; and

a transmitting part <u>configured to send</u> for sending said calculated one-way functions to said bulletin board apparatus.

Claim 29 (Currently Amended): A computer program for executing the procedure to be followed by a user apparatus in a quantitative competition method of claim 1 or 11, said program comprising the steps of:

responding to an intended value V_{vi} selected from among integral values defined by upper-limit <u>value V_1 </u> and lower-limit <u>value values V_1 and V_M , inclusively</u>, for comparison to generate two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i , wherein whose corresponding elements <u>of said two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i equal <u>each other</u> at values in [[the]] <u>a</u> range from said lower-limit value V_1 inclusive or larger to said intended value V_{vi} exclusive or smaller and differ from each other at values in [[the]] <u>a</u> range from said intended value V_{vi} inclusive or larger to said upper-limit value V_M inclusive or smaller, or two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i , wherein whose corresponding elements of said two M-element sequences of information s_i and t_i differ from each other at values in [[the]] <u>a</u> range from said lower-limit value V_1 inclusive or larger to said intended value V_{vi} inclusive or smaller and equal <u>each other</u> at values in [[the]] <u>a</u> range from a value V_{vi+1} inclusive of larger to said upper-limit value V_M inclusive or smaller, said M being the number of values selectable as said intended value V_{vi} equal to or larger than said value V_1 and equal to or smaller than said value V_M ;</u>

calculating one-way functions [[for]] of said sequences of information s_i and t_i and [[for]] outputting calculation results $H1_i$ and $H2_i$; and

sending said sequence of information s_i to a first quantitative competition apparatus, said sequence of information t_i to a second quantitative competition apparatus, and said $H1_i$ and $H2_i$ to a bulletin board apparatus.

Claim 30 (Original): A recording medium on which there is recorded said computer program of claim 29.